



Creating Higher Diversity Native Grass Pastures

Bee-Friendly Beef Producer Workshop 🛩 Smithsonian Conservation Biology Institute

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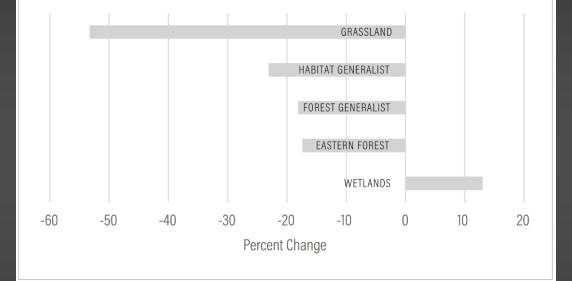


Why More Diverse Native Grass Pastures?

Pollinator declines, bird declines, soil health, align with historical ecological norms

Interest from conservation groups, farm bill programs, but...

Lack of empirical evidence – where's the data? What works, what doesn't work? And what does it even mean to "work"?



Percent Change in Population, 1970 - 2017

Rosenberg, K.V. et al., 2019. Science 336:120-124





Why More Diverse Native Grass Pastures?

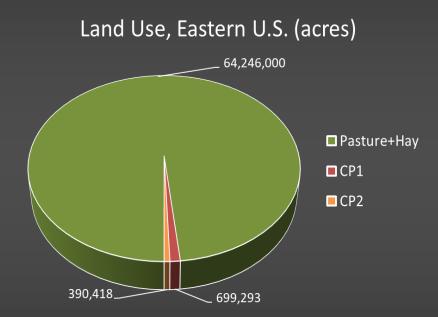
Why in pastures – why not just smaller "gardens" of these forbs and leave the pastures to the cattle?

Working Lands Concept

scale: 64 MM acres working grasslands in eastern U.S. cost: Grazing <u>pays</u> landowner disturbance: essential for a healthy grassland ecosystem







Keyser et al., 2019, Wildlife Society Bulletin 43:382-390



How Do We Get More Diverse Native Grass Pastures?

- What species will *establish* in pastures?
- What species will *persist* in pastures?
- And won't become a *pest*?
- Does grazing management matter for all of this?
- Are any of these species good forages?
- Do they produce appreciable *yields* of forage?
- Do they contribute to improved *pasture productivity and/or cattle performance*?
- What are the *economics* of incorporating these into pastures?
- Do *pollinators* use these are we providing improved habitat?





How Do We Get More Diverse Native Grass Pastures?

To answer key questions, we implemented a series of research projects over the past 7 years, some still ongoing:

- Interseeding Native Forbs into Native Grass Pastures
- Improved Establishment of Native Forages
- Blooming and Forage Characteristics of Twelve Native Forbs and Legumes
- Bee-friendly Beef: Integrating Native Wildflowers into Southeastern Grazing Systems
- Herbicide Tolerance of Native Forbs and Legumes

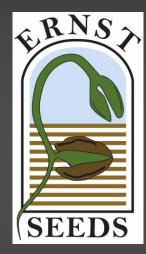




How Do We Get More Diverse Native Grass Pastures?

Partners:

- University of Tennessee Foundation
- USDA-NRCS Conservation Innovation Grant
- USDA-AFRI
- University of Tennessee AgResearch
- University of Tennessee School of Natural Resources
- Ernst Conservation Seeds







What Works, What Persists, and Does Rest Have Anything to Do with it?

Northeast Tennessee AgResearch and Education Center, 2017-2022

- No-till drilled, spring 2017 into existing SG and BB/IG pastures
- 11 Spp, rest treatments (no rest, early rest, middle rest, late rest, no grazing), 2018-2022

Common Name	Latin Name	Total Ibs/ac	A/B/P
Partridge pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	0.50	А
Purple prairie clover	Dalea purpurea	0.50	Р
Illinois bundleflower, Midwestern U.S. Eco	Desmanthus illinoensis	1.125	Р
Dixie ticktrefoil, AL Eco	Desmodium tortuosum	0.50	Р
Lanceleaf coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	1.00	Р
Plains coreopsis	Coreopsis tinctoria	0.50	А
Eastern purple coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	0.625	Р
Maximilian sunflower	Helianthus maximiliani	0.50	Р
Oxeye sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	0.25	Р
Upright prairie coneflower	Ratibida columnifera	0.25	Р
Black-eyed Susan, AL Eco	Rudbeckia hirta	0.50	A/B/P
	Total	6.25	





Establish Forbs with or After the Grass?

Private farm, Buncombe County, NC, planted May 2019 and March 2021 Drill grass and forbs together – or grass then forbs?

- weed suppression prior to introducing forbs?
- forbs overwhelming grass seedlings in year one?
- grass too thick for the forbs where grass is already established?

And does this matter whether we do it conventional (2019 only) or no-till?







But Are Forbs Good Forage?

East TN AgResearch and Education Center

- established 12 species (6 x 25' plots, 4 reps), July 2018
- harvested 2020-2022
- nutritive values, yields, persistence under repeated defoliations

Common Name	Latin name	Seeding rate (PLS lbs/ac)
Maximilian sunflower	Helianthus maximilianii	3.7
Black-eyed Susan	Rudbeckia hirta	2.0
Oxeye sunflower	Heliopsis helianthoides	7.9
Lanceleaf coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	3.6
Upright prairie coneflower	Ratibida columnifera	1.6
Purple coneflower	Echinacea purpurea	6.9
Canada goldenrod	Solidago canadensis	0.5
Cup plant	Silphium perfoliatum	7.9
Illinois bundleflower	Desmanthus illinoensis	6.6
Partridge pea	Chamaecrista fasciculata	9.5
Purple prairie clover	Dalea purpurea	2.6
Showy ticktrefoil	Desmodium canadensis	4.7







And Does it Matter to Cattle?

East TN AgResearch and Education Center – Holston Unit

- interseeded 18 forbs into existing BB/IG/LB pasture, June 2020/April 2021
- four ~3 ac pastures interseeded, four left as controls (grass only)

How does animal performance and pasture productivity compare?

What about animal preference – will they graze this stuff, any preference?











Smithsonian National Zoological Park Conservation Biology Institute



Cleaning Up the Mess – Weed Control in Diverse Native Grass Pastures

Northeast Tennessee and East Tennessee AgResearch and Education Centers, 2023

Can we control undesirable weeds in native grass pastures forbs – without killing all the (expensive!) native forbs?

Herbicide	Active Ingredient	Rate (product), per acre		
Herbicide		Low	High	
DuraCor	aminopyralid, florpyrauxifen	12 fl oz	16 fl oz	
2-4DB	2,4-D butyric	32 fl oz	64 fl oz	
Plateau	imazapic	6 fl oz	10 fl oz	
Cimarron Plus	metsulfuron methyl, chlorsulfuron	0.5 oz	1 oz	
PastureGard	triclopyr, fluroxypyr	24 fl oz	48 fl oz	







Questions?

